

Welcome

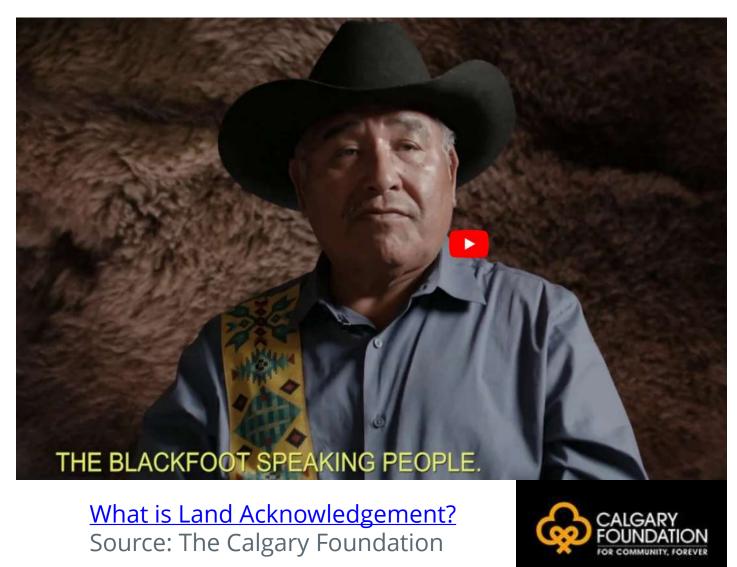
Storm Water Awareness Week!!

Pitfalls and Tips in Developing Effective Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Stormwater Pollution Prevention Programs

Graham Tait, CPESC, CPSWQ, CESSWI September 25, 2024

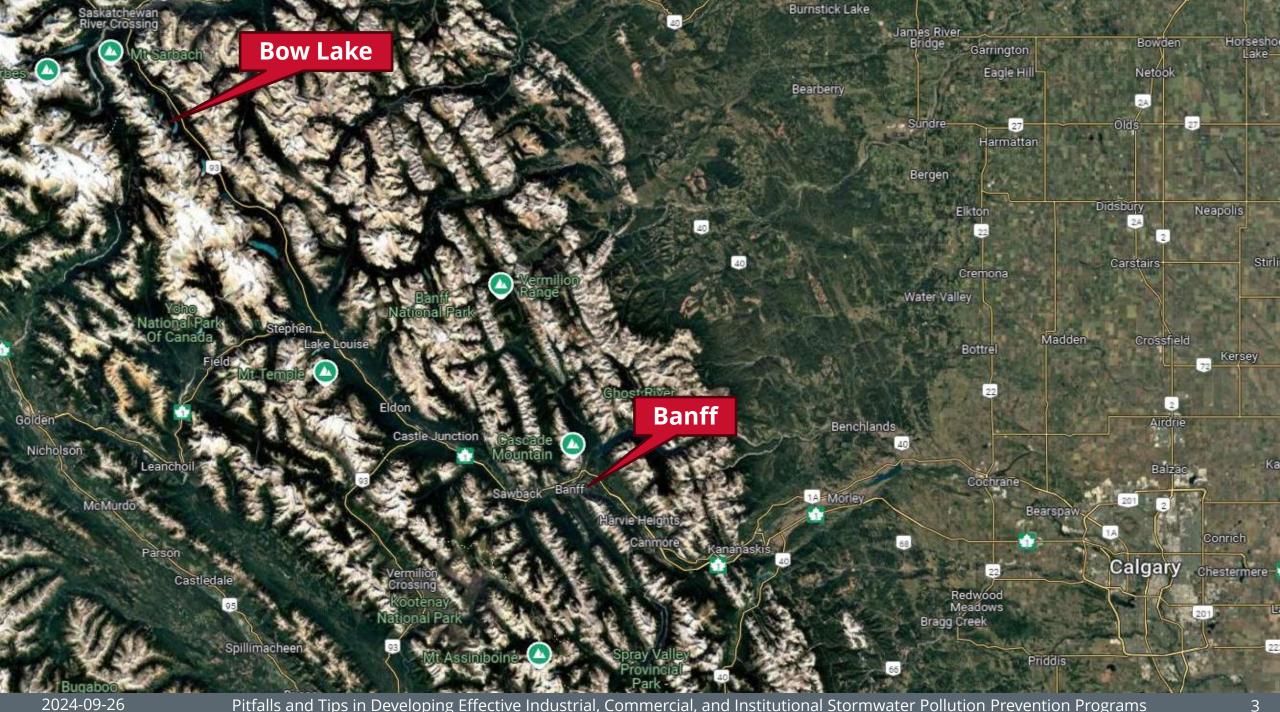


Calgary



The City of Calgary, located in the heart of Southern Alberta, both acknowledges and pays tribute to the traditional territories of the peoples of Treaty 7, which include the Blackfoot Confederacy (comprised of the Siksika, the Piikani, and the Kainai First Nations), the Tsuut'ina First Nation, and the Stoney Nakoda (including Chiniki, Bearspaw, and Goodstoney First Nations). The City of Calgary is also home to the Métis Nation of Alberta (Districts 5 and 6).

Calgary is situated on land where the Bow River meets the Elbow River, a site traditionally known in the Blackfoot language as Moh'kins'tsis. On this land and in this place, we strive to work together, walk together, and grow together in a good way.





Objectives

- 1. Why Stormwater Pollution Prevention? Calgary Context
- 2. The Case for Proactive Facility Inspections & Assessments
- 3. Innovation: Integrating Geospatial Tools into ICI Workflow
- 4. ICI Inspection Example
- 5. Summary
- 6. Workshop Q&A



Our webpage: https://calgary.ca/stmpp



- Storm Water Awareness!!
- The City "doing the right thing".
- The City "seen to be doing the right thing".

(Reference: Hoggan, J. (2009). *Do the Right Thing: PR Tips for a Skeptical Public*. Capital Books. www.hoggan.com/our-strategy)

City of Calgary - Water Utility Stormwater Pollution Prevention

- Erosion & Sediment Control
 - Approvals
 - Compliance Inspections
- Drainage Permits
- Industrial, Commercial, Institutional
- Drainage Control

Why Stormwater Pollution Prevention?

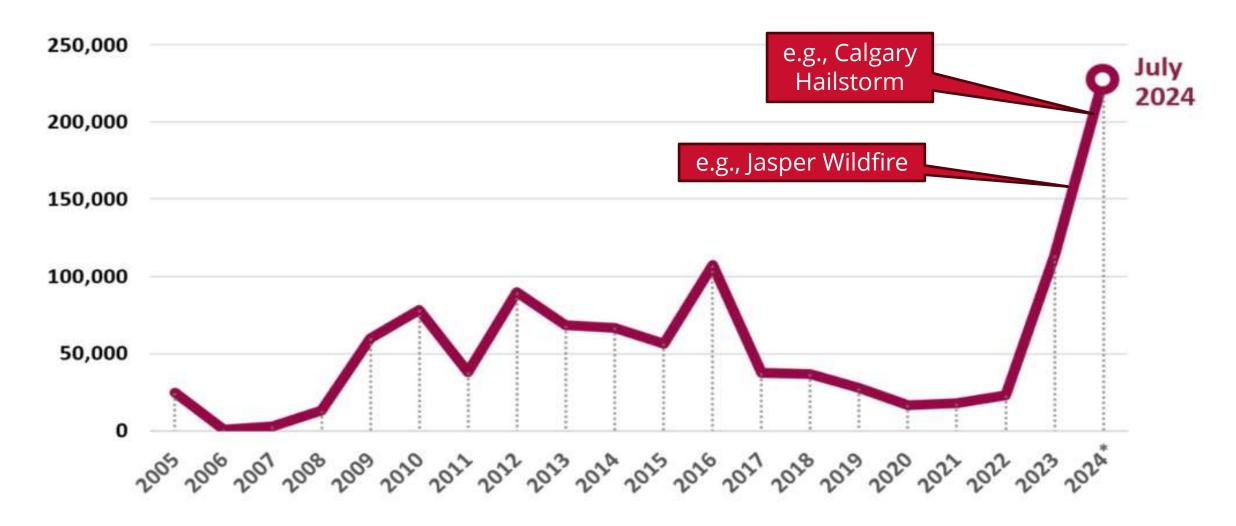
Calgary and Watershed Context

CALGARY





Claims Counts July and August





Source: IBC analysis with data from PCS Canada, Swiss Re, Deloitte and CatIQ Inc. (<u>www.catiq.com</u> under license to IBC). *IBC survey from participating member companies.

- Some aspects of climate change in the Calgary Region are increasing stormwater pollution risk.
- We need to include climate adaptation and resiliency into our SWPPP strategies and programs.

ate Change Implications Rainfall Duration Example

ncy into our SW and programs.	PPP	ear m)	100-year (mm)	200-year (mm)	500-year (mm)	1000-year (mm)
1997¹	13.7	19.4	35.1	46.0	52.0	57.0
2020 ²	14.6	21.8	41.6	46.0	51.9	56.3
2050s ²	18.7	27.9	53.2	58.9	66.4	72.0
2080s ²	22.2	33.2	63.2	69.9	78.8	85.5

¹ City of Calgary (2011). *Stormwater Management and Design Manual*

Slide courtesy of Bert van Duin, City of Calgary, Water Resources



² GHD (2020). Climate Data for Hydrologic and Hydraulic Analysis, Technical Memorandum #3: IDF Curves

Stormwater Quality Standards (vs. Guidelines).

A For Water Act approvals, amendments and Code of Practice notifications issued by the Alberta Energy Regulator during or

 Source control approach (proactive) in addition to "end of pipe" (reactive).

after 2018, please refer to the following link OneStop Application Query Tool (aer	ca).	
Search Criteria		
Authorization / Approval Number		
- or -		
Authorization / Approval Holder or Company		
shell		Act / Document Types
- or -		
Water Body Source Find Water Body Tributary - or - Legal Land Description Legal Subdivision: Quarter Section: Section: Township: Range:	- and -	Select an Act: Water Act EPEA or - Select Doc. Type
Meridian: Show Inactive Authorizations Search Authorizations Issued During Past 30 Da	/s Clea	ar .



TABLE 4.2-A INDUSTRIAL RUNOFF CONTROL SYSTEM LIMITS

PARAMETER	LIMITS		
96-Hour Acute Lethality Test Using Rainbow Trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	100% survival in 100% industrial runoff sample		
pH	≥ 6.0 and ≤ 8.5 pH units		
Chemical Oxygen Demand	≤ 50 mg/L		
5-Day Biochemical Oxygen Demand	≤ 10 mg/L		
Total Suspended Solids	≤ 20 mg/L		
Chloride	< 120 mg/L		
Ammonia-Nitrogen	≤ 1 mg/L		
Total Nitrogen as N	≤ 2 mg/L		
Total Phosphorus as P	≤ 0.5 mg/L		
Oil and Grease	5 mg/L and no visible film or sheen		
Floating Solids	Must not be visible		
Visible Foam	Must not be visible		





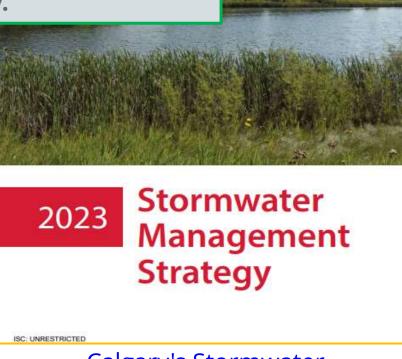
Alberta - Environmental Authorization Viewer

AB Environmental Protection & Enhancement Act

EPEA Approval – Industrial Runoff Control (example)

Joint Inspection

- The City doing the right thing.
- The City is seen to be doing the right thing.
- We take an 'education first' approach and, when needed have an escalating enforcement strategy.



<u>Calgary's Stormwater</u> <u>Management Strategy</u>

Corporate Level & Integrated Water Utility Staff

BYLAW NUMBER 37M2005

BEING A BYLAW OF THE CITY OF CALGARY TO REGULATE STORM SEWERS AND STORMWATER IN THE CITY OF CALGARY

(Amended by 15M2006, 57M2009, 50M2011, 13M2012, 14M2012, 7M2015, 47M2016, 58M2018, 41M2019, 43M2020, 41M2021, 72M2021, 35M2022, 51M2022, 32M2023, 45M2023)

WHEREAS the <u>Municipal Government Act</u> (R.S.A. 2000, c. M-26) authorizes a municipality to pass Bylaws for municipal purposes respecting public utilities and services provided by the municipality;

AND WHEREAS the <u>Municipal Government Act</u> authorizes a municipality to pass Bylaws for municipal purposes respecting the safety, health and welfare of people and the protection of people and property;

AND WHEREAS the <u>Municipal Government Act</u> authorizes a municipality to pass Bylaws for municipal purposes respecting people, activities and things in, on or near a public place or place that is often open to the public;

AND WHEREAS the <u>Municipal Government Act</u> authorizes a municipality to pass Bylaws for municipal purposes respecting nuisances;

AND WHEREAS the <u>Municipal Government Act</u> authorizes a municipality to pass Bylaws for municipal purposes respecting systems of licenses, permits or approvals;

AND WHEREAS the <u>Municipal Government Act</u> authorizes a municipality to pass Bylaws for municipal purposes respecting the enforcement of bylaws including providing for inspections to determine if bylaws are being complied with;

AND WHEREAS regulating storm sewers and stormwater within the City of Calgary is desirable;

(41M2021, 2021 May 10)

AND WHEREAS it is deemed expedient to update and consolidate the bylaws which control and regulate storm sewers and stormwater in The City of Calgary;

(41M2021, 2021 May 10)

NOW THEREFORE THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CALGARY ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

Calgary Stormwater
Bylaw 37M2005

Water Utility

CD2023-0735

Attachment 2

- These are highly visible examples of stormwater pollution.
- Even then, some of them could be missed.
- This further highlights the importance of storm water awareness, and proactive inspection (including wet weather inspection and sampling) and SWPPP best practices.



- Plastic resin and pellet spills received significant media attention.
- Plastics manufacturers joined 'Operation Clean Sweep'.
- City partnered with Alberta Plastics Recycling Association (APRA).
- Calgary recently collaborated with an Australian non-profit and large City on this topic.
- Calgary also participates in the University of Toronto's 'Trash Team'.





Industrial Plastics







The U.S. EPA content on ICI-SWPPP has been really invaluable in the development of City of Calgary content!

Kudos to all of you in delivering Storm Water Awareness to diverse audiences!

Maintain a clean and orderly facility by keeping exposed areas free of waste, garbage and floatable debris.

3. Manage runoff

Manage runoff by reducing the volume and rate at which it leaves your facility and preventing stormwater from coming into contact with pollutants on your site.

4. Erosion and sediment control

Prevent erosion and sedimentation by:

- installing stormwater collection areas to capture any contaminated runoff.
- covering exposed soils (including stockpiles) with an appropriate erosion control.

5. Prevent and prepare for spills

Prevent spills by mapping your site to identify those areas where spills might occur and implementing primary and secondary containment measures.

Prepare for spills by ensuring appropriate spill kit(s) are on site and easily accessible.

6. Inspection and maintenance

Prevent stormwater pollution by performing regular inspections, testing and preventative maintenance of equipment and following best management practices.

For more information visit calgary.ca/stmpp





- We've developed a 'Mapping your Site' tool to assist customers as part of their facility SWPPP development.
- Thanks to Jonah and the WGR
 Southwest SWPPP Team for this video –
 still one of my favorite SWAW sessions!



Creating a Compliant Site Map (2016, 28 mins)

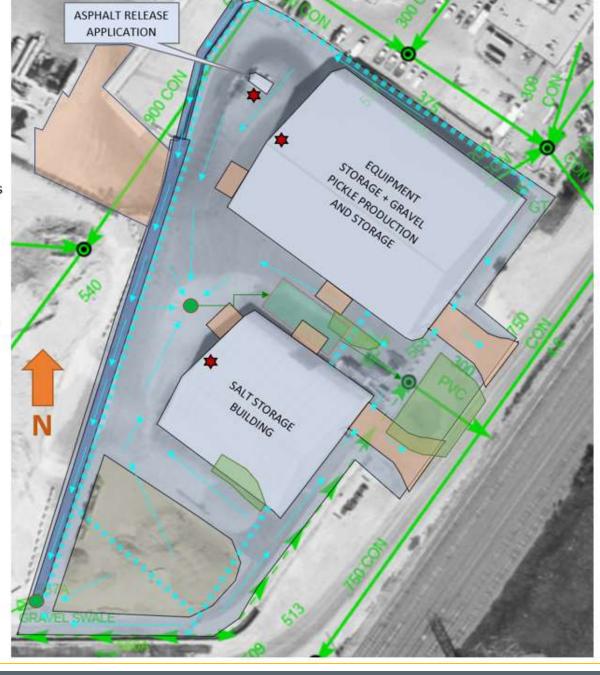
Source: <u>California</u>
<u>Stormwater Awareness</u>
<u>Week</u> (Jonah Sonner,
WGR Southwest).



END

t Yard

act Gravel



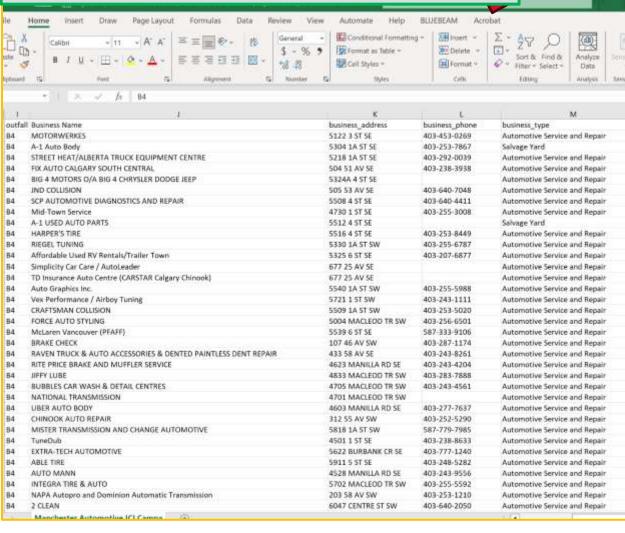
 "Who wants swimmable, fishable, drinkable water? Raise your hand if you want one or more of these!" (Dwayne Stenlund, Minnesota DoT) Storm Outfall B4 at Bow River Storm Catchment **B4 Boundary**

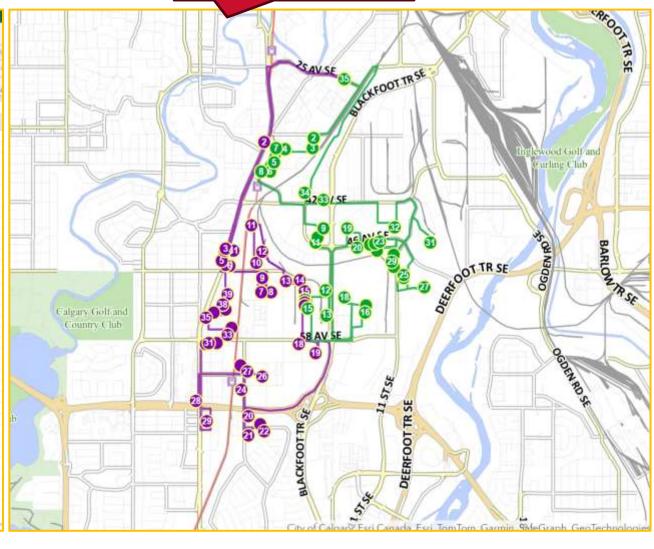


- How accurate is the business license data?
- Are industrial and commercial business properly categorized?

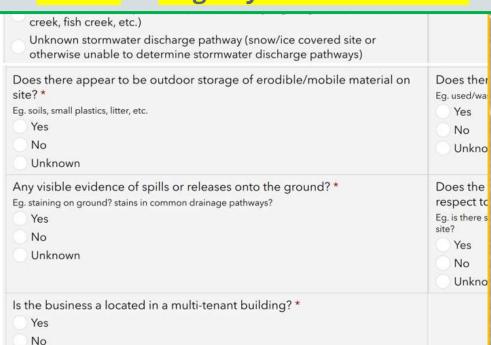
ating a business MS Excel file for otive businesses

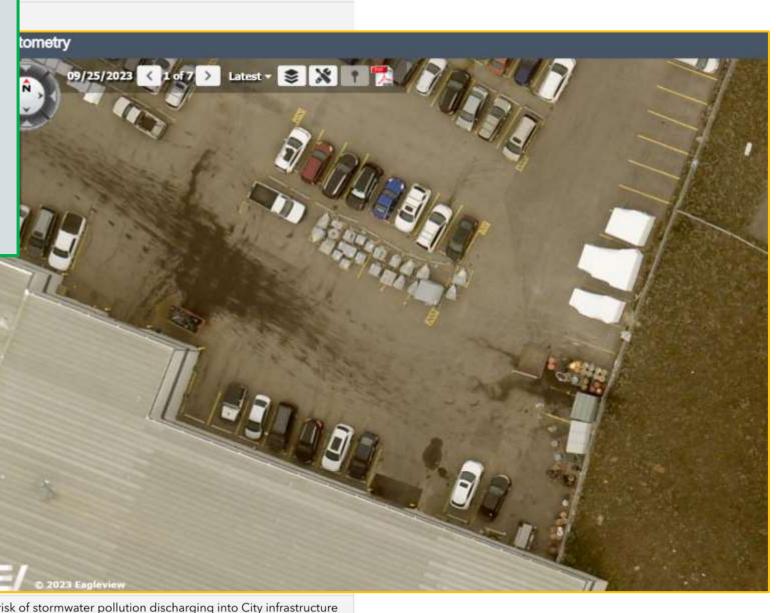
GIS Tools optimized facility inspection map





- Most jurisdictions have good geospatial data, including up-to-date aerial imagery and 'pictometry' you see in the example.
- An objective is to get businesses to understand the concepts of 'watershed', 'stormwater' and help them connect these things.
- Example messaging: "The Bow is Below" or "Big City on a Small River".





Based on the available aerial imagery or fenceline field observations, rate the site on it's risk of stormwater pollution discharging into City infrastructure from 1 (lowest risk) to 5 (highest risk) *

1 (lowest risk)

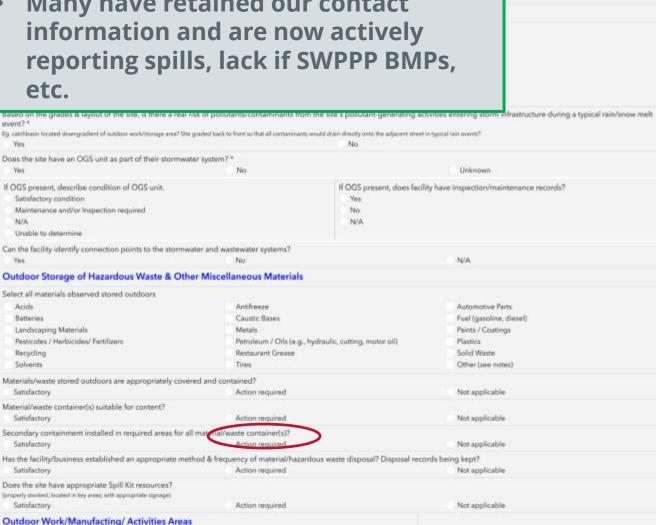
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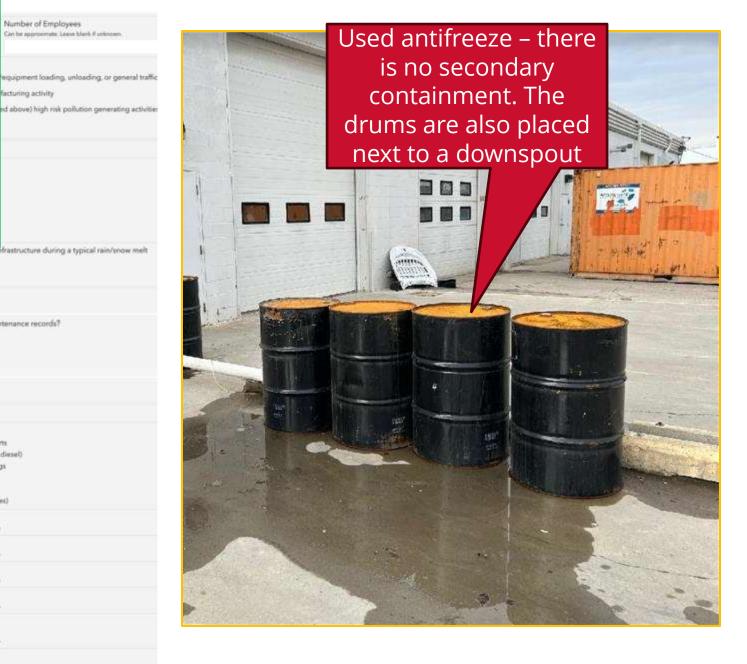
3

4

5 (highest risk)

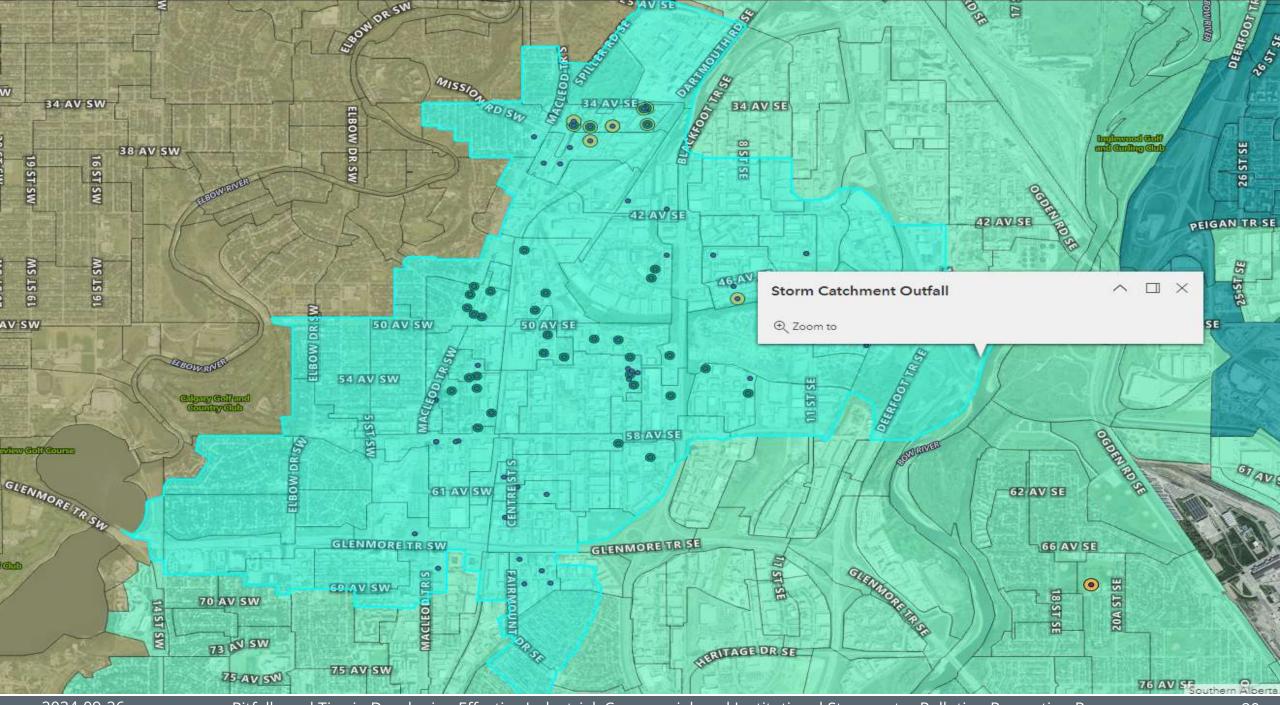
- **Laminated photos** of the motor oil spill at the storm pond was a really compelling, motivating part of our conversation with the majority of automotive service customers.
- Many have retained our contact information and are now actively etc.





Number of Employees

Can be approximate: Leave blank if unknow



2024-09-26

Pitfalls and Tips in Developing Effective Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Stormwater Pollution Prevention Programs



Innovation: Integrating Geospatial Tools into Workflow



Calgary



Problem:

Calgary's StmPP team programs had been historically reliant on paper copies of Plans, Drawings & amendments all the way until 2020. Required our inspectors to locate physical folders in the office, bring folders into field, and return them to the correct location when finished. Many issues with this system in the age of digital record keeping, not to mention resistance from consultants who are required to pay printing costs for each plan submission (documents and drawings than can exceed hundreds of pages).





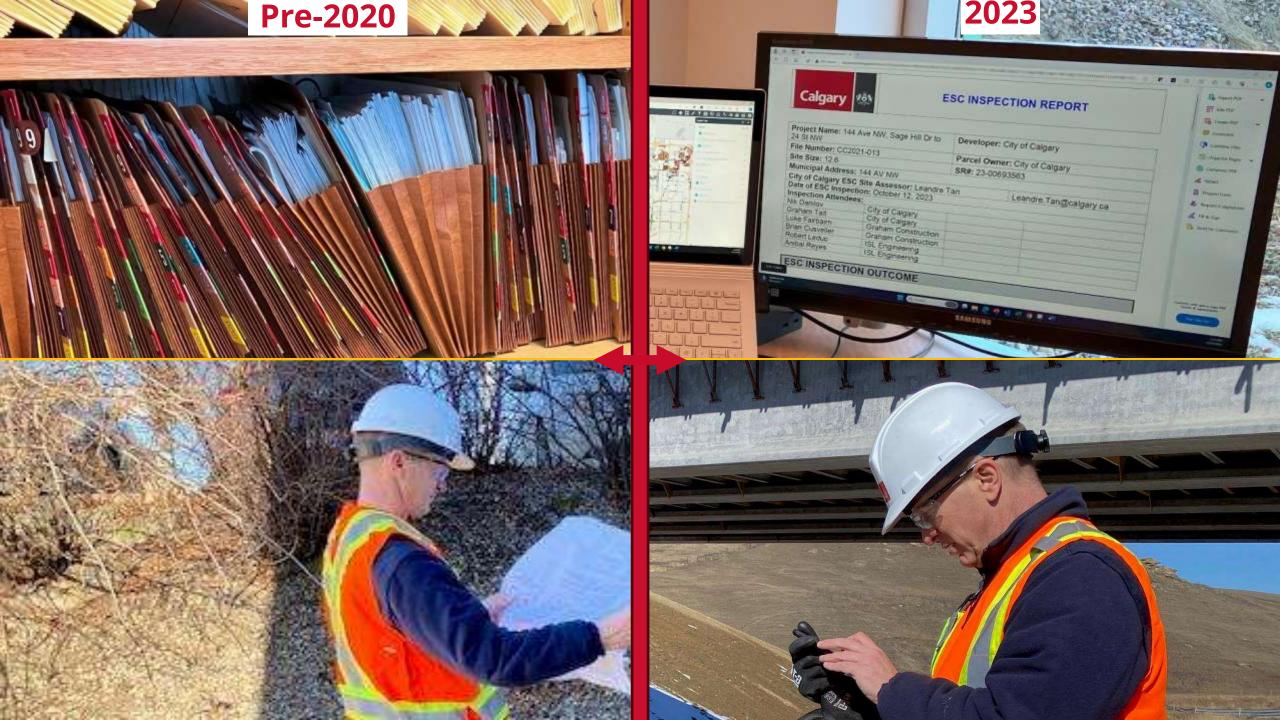
Solution:

Leverage existing GIS technology (ESRI) to build a geospatial dataset & visualization platform that is specific to the Stormwater Pollution Prevention team.

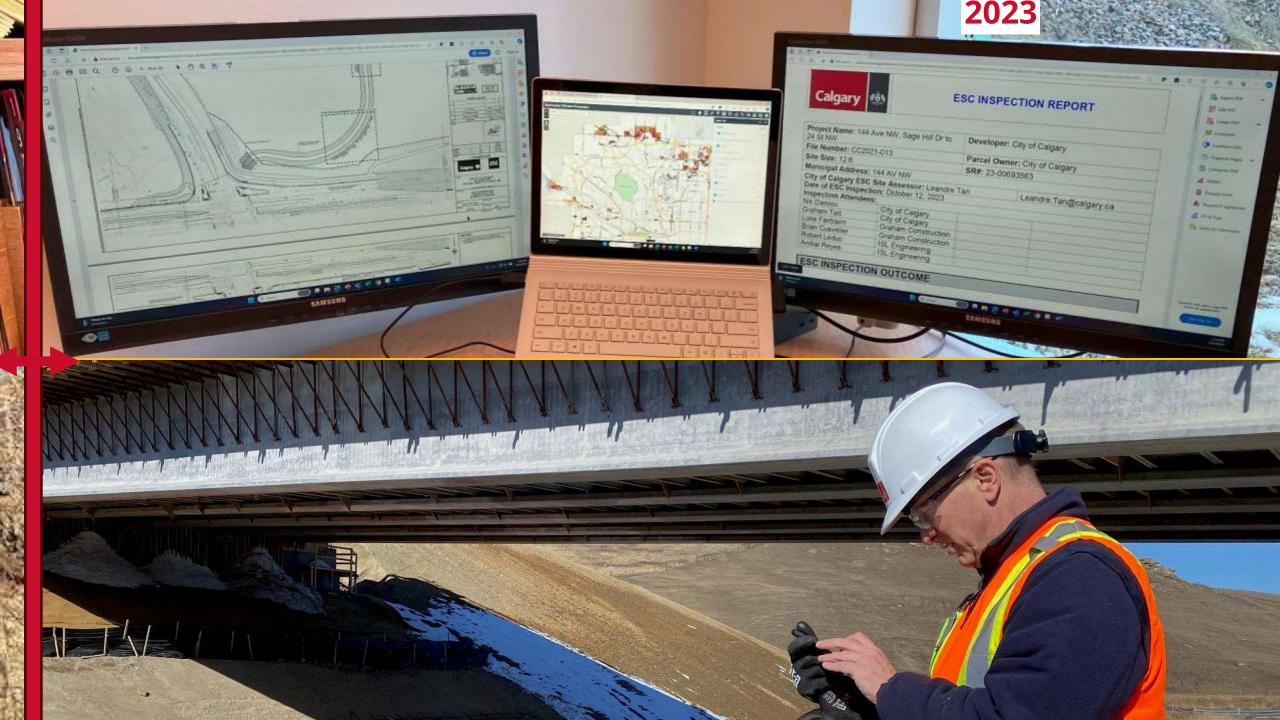


- Developed and implemented for ESC
- **Developed and implemented for ICI Inspection**

2024-09-26

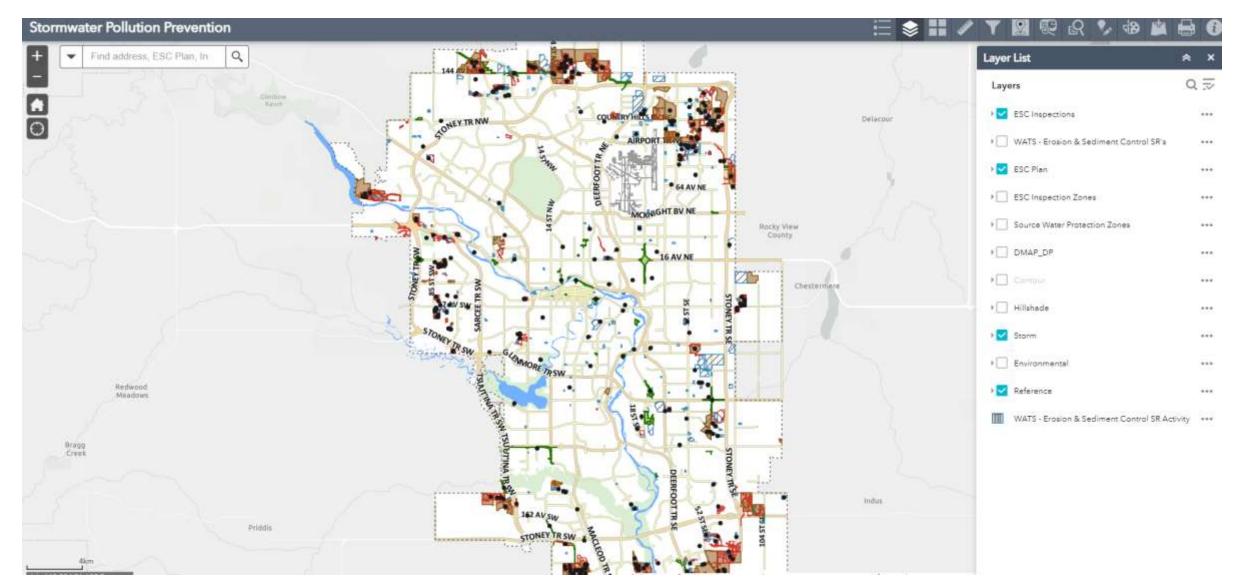




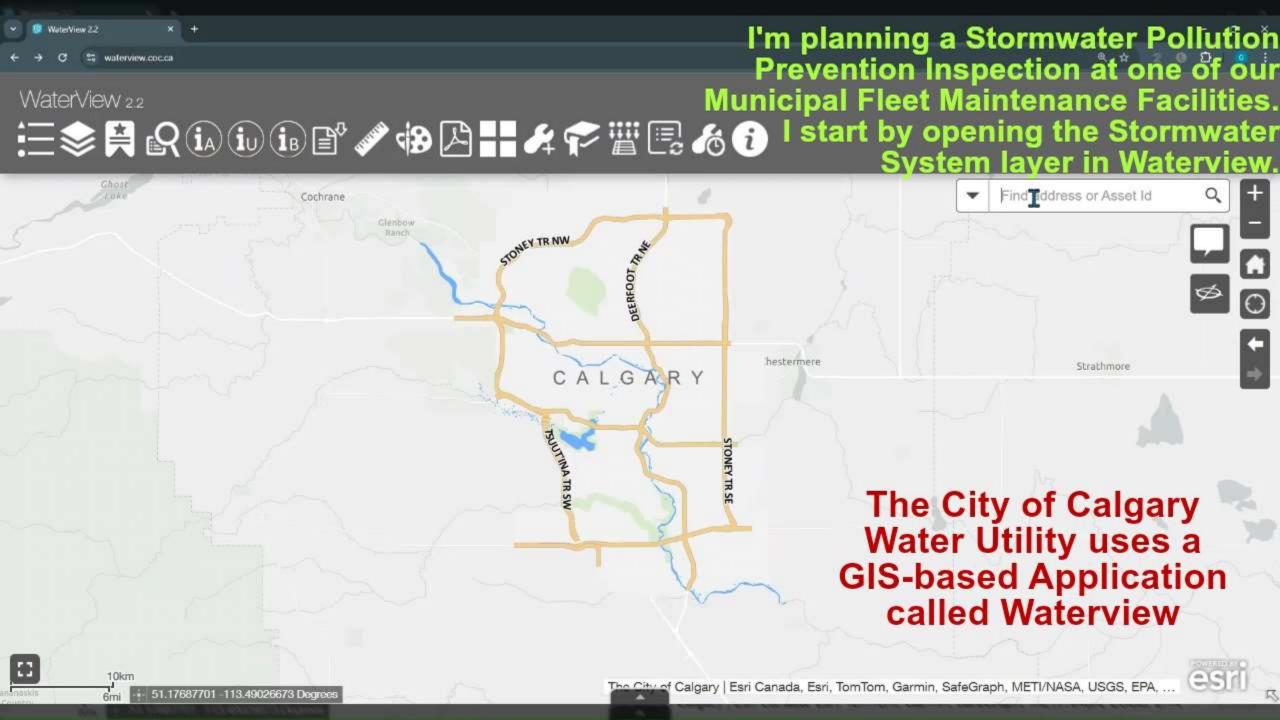




Functionality of Geospatial tool - Desktop/Planning









Summary





Summary

- Urban municipalities at 'ground zero' when it comes to preventing 'end-of-pipe' discharges of stormwater pollutants to receiving waters.
- Effective, up-to-date regulations, standards/limits, etc., are needed.
- Communication: Framing the problem, telling the story effectively, and supporting best management practices is a key skill that we, as stormwater professionals need to develop and demonstrate.
- Communication: Firstly, we need to incorporate this mindset and approach at our municipal facilities and operations. Then we can more effectively apply a 'compliance continuum' to private industrial and commercial facilities.



Our webpage: https://calgary.ca/stmpp



Workshop Q&A



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www.calgary.ca/stmpp